U.S. Census Bureau

AMERICAN FactFinder

DP03 | SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Note: This is a modified view of the original table.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Parkersburg city, West Virginia	Parkersburg city, West Virginia	Parkersburg city, West Virginia	Parkersburg city, West Virginia	Wood County, West Virginia	Wood County, West Virginia	Wood County, West Virginia	Wood County, West Virginia
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
EMPLOYMENT STATUS								
Population 16 years and over	25,523	+/-384	25,523	(X)	70,092	+/-180	70,092	(X)
In labor force	14,081	+/-504	55.2%	+/-1.9	41,002	+/-775	58.5%	+/-1.1
Civilian labor force	14,069	+/-503	55.1%	+/-1.9	40,963	+/-776	58.4%	+/-1.1
Employed	12,532	+/-499	49.1%	+/-1.9	36,957	+/-814	52.7%	+/-1.2
Unemployed	1,537	+/-282	6.0%	+/-1.1	4,006	+/-440	5.7%	+/-0.6
Armed Forces	12	+/-19	0.0%	+/-0.1	39	+/-32	0.1%	+/-0.1
Not in labor force	11,442	+/-521	44.8%	+/-1.9	29,090	+/-783	41.5%	+/-1.1
Civilian labor force	14,069	+/-503	14,069	(X)	40,963	+/-776	40,963	(X)
Percent Unemployed	(X)	(X)	10.9%	+/-1.9	(X)	(X)	9.8%	+/-1.1
Females 16 years and over	14,069	+/-339	14,069	(X)	36,679	+/-127	36,679	(X)
In labor force	7,019	+/-332	49.9%	+/-2.2	19,267	+/-537	52.5%	+/-1.4
Civilian labor force	7,019	+/-332	49.9%	+/-2.2	19,267	+/-537	52.5%	+/-1.4
Employed	6,338	+/-352	45.0%	+/-2.5	17,685	+/-571	48.2%	+/-1.5
Own children under 6 years	2,256	+/-266	2,256	(X)	5,844	+/-252	5,844	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	1,190	+/-266	52.7%	+/-9.2	3,503	+/-361	59.9%	+/-5.1
Own children 6 to 17 years	3,870	+/-291	3,870	(X)	11,593	+/-310	11,593	(X)

Subject	Parkersburg city, West Virginia	Parkersburg city, West Virginia	Parkersburg city, West Virginia	Parkersburg city, West Virginia	Wood County, West Virginia	Wood County, West Virginia	Wood County, West Virginia	Wood County, West Virginia
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
All parents in family in labor force	2,783	+/-311	71.9%	+/-5.5	7,833	+/-470	67.6%	+/-3.7
COMMUTING TO WORK								
Workers 16 years and over	12,135	+/-494	12,135	(X)	36,175	+/-798	36,175	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	9,900	+/-462	81.6%	+/-2.6	30,576	+/-740	84.5%	+/-1.4
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	1,353	+/-273	11.1%	+/-2.1	3,604	+/-450	10.0%	+/-1.2
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	182	+/-72	1.5%	+/-0.6	235	+/-83	0.6%	+/-0.2
Walked	257	+/-85	2.1%	+/-0.7	588	+/-129	1.6%	+/-0.4
Other means	169	+/-93	1.4%	+/-0.8	363	+/-133	1.0%	+/-0.4
Worked at home	274	+/-77	2.3%	+/-0.6	809	+/-154	2.2%	+/-0.4
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	16.8	+/-1.2	(X)	(X)	19.1	+/-0.6	(X)	(X)
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2013 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)								
Total households	13,442	+/-373	13,442	(X)	35,569	+/-460	35,569	(X)
Less than $10,000	1,625	+/-256	12.1%	+/-1.8	3,056	+/-347	8.6%	+/-1.0
$10,000 to $14,999	1,310	+/-231	9.7%	+/-1.7	2,556	+/-332	7.2%	+/-0.9
$15,000 to $24,999	2,432	+/-245	18.1%	+/-1.8	5,030	+/-413	14.1%	+/-1.2
$25,000 to $34,999	1,637	+/-217	12.2%	+/-1.6	4,110	+/-287	11.6%	+/-0.8
$35,000 to $49,999	1,927	+/-271	14.3%	+/-1.9	5,676	+/-463	16.0%	+/-1.3
$50,000 to $74,999	2,166	+/-254	16.1%	+/-1.9	6,470	+/-403	18.2%	+/-1.1
$75,000 to $99,999	1,186	+/-163	8.8%	+/-1.2	3,404	+/-297	9.6%	+/-0.8
$100,000 to $149,999	911	+/-168	6.8%	+/-1.2	3,645	+/-325	10.2%	+/-0.9
$150,000 to $199,999	142	+/-62	1.1%	+/-0.5	946	+/-170	2.7%	+/-0.5
$200,000 or more	106	+/-52	0.8%	+/-0.4	676	+/-146	1.9%	+/-0.4
Median household income (dollars)	32,577	+/-2,423	(X)	(X)	42,287	+/-1,267	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	45,154	+/-2,225	(X)	(X)	56,945	+/-1,703	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	20,221	+/-950	(X)	(X)	24,042	+/-728	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	23,481	+/-1,209	(X)	(X)	26,010	+/-720	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	35,977	+/-3,072	(X)	(X)	43,834	+/-2,438	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	26,800	+/-1,334	(X)	(X)	30,292	+/-1,954	(X)	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

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Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Census occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). The Census occupation codes for 2010 and later years are based on the 2010 revision of the SOC. To allow for the creation of 2009-2013 tables, occupation data in the multiyear files (2009-2013) were recoded to 2013 Census occupation codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census occupation codes with data coded using Census occupation codes prior to 2010. For more information on the Census occupation code changes, please visit our website at http://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The Census industry codes for 2013 and later years are based on the 2012 revision of the NAICS. To allow for the creation of 2009-2013 and 2011-2013 tables, industry data in the multiyear files (2009-2013 and 2011-2013) were recoded to 2013 Census industry codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census industry codes with data coded using Census industry codes prior to 2013. For more information on the Census industry code changes, please visit our website at http://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 5-Year American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.